

Application Number: DM/2022/01525

Proposal: Construction of proposed bungalow with parking on land at rear of 11 Park Close

Address: Land rear of 11 Park Close, Abergavenny, NP7 5SU

Applicant: Stephen Parry

Plans: Location Plan A100, Site Layout A101 - REV B, All Proposed Plans A200

RECOMMENDATION: Approved Subject to S106 agreement

Case Officer: Kate Bingham Date
Valid: 26.10.2022

This application is presented to Planning Committee as there is an outstanding objection from a Statutory Consultee (Highways)

1.0 APPLICATION DETAILS

1.1 Site Description

This application relates to a site close to the town centre of Abergavenny, north-east of Bailey Park.

1.2 Proposal Description

It is proposed to provide one new single-storey dwelling in the rear garden of the existing two storey semi-detached house. Access will be shared with the existing dwelling.

The property is not listed and the site is not within the Conservation Area. The site is within the Nutrient Sensitive Catchment Area of the River Usk Special Area of Conservation (SAC).

2.0 RELEVANT PLANNING HISTORY (if any)

Reference Number	Description	Decision	Decision Date
DM/2022/01525	Construction of proposed bungalow with parking on land at rear of 11 Park Close.	Pending Determination	
DC/1993/00420	Carport Extension To Front.	Refused	07.07.1993

3.0 LOCAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN POLICIES

Strategic Policies

S1 LDP The Spatial Distribution of New Housing Provision
S4 LDP Affordable Housing Provision

S13 LDP Landscape, Green Infrastructure and the Natural Environment
S16 LDP Transport
S17 LDP Place Making and Design

Development Management Policies

H1 LDP Residential Development in Main Towns, Severnside Settlements and Rural Secondary Settlements
DES1 LDP General Design Considerations
EP1 LDP Amenity and Environmental Protection
EP5 LDP Foul Sewage Disposal
GI1 LDP Green Infrastructure
NE1 LDP Nature Conservation and Development
MV1 LDP Proposed Developments and Highway Considerations

Supplementary Planning Guidance

Infill Development SPG November 2019
Affordable Housing SPG July 2019

4.0 NATIONAL PLANNING POLICY

Future Wales - the national plan 2040

Future Wales is the national development framework, setting the direction for development in Wales to 2040. It is a development plan with a strategy for addressing key national priorities through the planning system, including sustaining and developing a vibrant economy, achieving decarbonisation and climate-resilience, developing strong ecosystems and improving the health and well-being of our communities. Future Wales - the national plan 2040 is the national development framework and it is the highest tier plan, setting the direction for development in Wales to 2040. It is a framework which will be built on by Strategic Development Plans at a regional level and Local Development Plans. Planning decisions at every level of the planning system in Wales must be taken in accordance with the development plan as a whole.

Planning Policy Wales (PPW) Edition 12

The primary objective of PPW is to ensure that the planning system contributes towards the delivery of sustainable development and improves the social, economic, environmental and cultural well-being of Wales, as required by the Planning (Wales) Act 2015, the Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015 and other key legislation and resultant duties such as the Socio-economic Duty.

A well-functioning planning system is fundamental for sustainable development and achieving sustainable places. PPW promotes action at all levels of the planning process which is conducive to maximising its contribution to the well-being of Wales and its communities.

5.0 REPRESENTATIONS

5.1 Consultation Replies

Abergavenny Town Council - No comments received.

Dwr Cymru Welsh Water (DCWW) - No objections.

We have reviewed the information submitted as part of this application and note that the intention is to drain foul water to the public sewer to which we offer no objection in principle. We also note that surface water will be disposed of via sustainable means and welcome this approach.

We can confirm that our Llanfoist Wastewater Treatment Works in which the proposed development would eventually drain, is able to meet the interim backstop permit of 5 mg/l with sufficient headroom capacity.

Natural Resources Wales (NRW) - Refer to Interim Guidance on development within Nutrient Sensitive Areas (Version 4).

MCC Highways - Under the Welsh Common Standards, a shared private drive must be at least 4.5m wide which the site cannot provide. Therefore, as the access arrangements do not meet minimum standards, we must object.

MCC Biodiversity - No objections subject to conditions.

SEWBRc Search Results - No significant ecological record identified.

5.2 Neighbour Notification

One objection received:

The proposed bungalow is an overdevelopment of a residential area. These houses and our neighbouring ones were designed with space between buildings and this should not be compromised.

5.3 Other Representations

None.

5.4 Local Member Representations

No comments received.

Please note all representations can be read in full on the Council's website: <https://planningonline.monmouthshire.gov.uk/online-applications/?lang=EN>

6.1 EVALUATION

6.2 Principle of Development

6.2.1 The site is located within the settlement boundary of Abergavenny, which is defined as a Main Town in the Local Development Plan (LDP). Policy H1 supports residential development in these areas in principle, subject to detailed material planning considerations.

6.2.2 Being located on a corner, the site benefits from an existing large rear garden which can accommodate the proposed dwelling together with parking provision and still retain an adequate amount of private amenity space for both the existing and proposed dwellings.

6.2 Good Design / Place Making

6.2.2 Monmouthshire's adopted Infill Supplementary Planning Guidance highlights that Infill development should make a positive contribution to the creation of distinctive communities, places and spaces as well as responding to the context and character of the area. The proposed dwelling will be single-storey and simple in design having a basic rectangular floor plan with a pitched roof. External materials are proposed as grey concrete roof tiles, red facing brick with buff stone cills, Marley Eternit cladding (porch), white facias and soffits with black rainwater goods and white upvc windows. These materials reflect those used on the surrounding buildings, the host dwelling being red brick on the lower half with a concrete tiled roof and white upvc windows.

6.2.3 The proposed bungalow would cover an area of approx. 75m² on a site of 530m² equating to just over 14%. There will be further loss of garden area as a result of the parking and turning area but nonetheless, there would still be a garden area of 76m² remaining for the existing dwelling and over 100m² for the proposed new dwelling. Due to the siting of the proposed new dwelling at the rear of the site, the impact of the development on the street scene and wider landscape will be minimal.

6.2.4 On the basis of the above, it is considered that the proposed development is in keeping with the character and appearance of the surrounding area and will have no adverse impact on local visual amenity. As such there is no conflict with LDP Policy DES1.

6.3 Impact on Residential Amenity

6.3.1 The proposed new access and parking area will abut an existing neighbouring arage, minimising any impact on the enjoyment of the garden of that property.

6.3.2 Overlooking from the proposed new dwelling into overlooking properties will not be possible as the proposal is a bungalow and therefore views will be blocked by existing and proposed enclosures. Window to window distances between the existing and proposed dwellings would be between 15m and 20m, the shorter view being a bathroom window and 20m being a kitchen area. Direct views would be further disrupted by a new boundary fence along the boundary with the garden of the existing dwelling. The houses to the north (Avenue Road) have long rear gardens meaning that there is a distance of approx. 27m from these dwellings to the northern boundary of the application site.

6.3.3 On the basis of the above it is considered that there will be no loss of residential amenity as a result of the proposal and there would be no conflict with LDP polices EP1 or DES1.

6.4 Highways and parking

6.4.1 The application proposes the construction of a new property within the grounds of No. 11 and related works and access arrangements. The site is located on the corner of the unclassified highway, Park Close, a dense residential area.

6.4.2 The site meets its parking requirements under the local parking regulations by providing No.11 with three spaces and the proposed dwelling with 2 spaces (one per bedroom).

6.4.3 The proposed access arrangement creates a private shared drive shared by no. 11 and the proposed dwelling, (with an access agreement with the neighbouring No.10). The Council's Highway Engineers have advised that under the Welsh Common Standards, a shared private drive must be at least 4.5m wide. In this case the site can only provide a 3m wide driveway and therefore as the access arrangements do not meet minimum standards, Highways have objected to the development.

6.4.4 While the width of the drive is below the Welsh Common Standards, a 3m wide drive is nonetheless adequate for a private car and not an unusual arrangement in this area with other dwellings to the rear of existing properties being served by comparable driveways. For example DC/2016/00714 allowed two dwellings to the rear of Park Crescent off a 3m driveway. Larger vehicles serving the proposed new dwelling such as delivery vans, are likely to stop on Park Close itself, not the driveway; the site is within a cul-de-sac where on-street parking is unrestricted and traffic movements are generally reduced and at slower speeds. As such, the proposed driveway arrangement is unlikely to harm local highway safety and it is considered that it would be unreasonable to refuse the application on this basis.

6.5 Biodiversity

6.5.1 It is understood that an area of scrub habitat is located where the proposed bungalow and landscaped garden are proposed. Precautionary measures should be adopted during any vegetation clearance.

6.5.2 Planning Policy Wales (PPW) 12 sets out that "planning authorities must seek to maintain and enhance biodiversity in the exercise of their functions. This means that development should not cause any significant loss of habitats or populations of species, locally or nationally and must provide a net benefit for biodiversity" (para 6.4.5 refers). This policy and subsequent policies in Chapter 6 of PPW 12 respond to the Section 6 Duty of the Environment (Wales) Act 2016.

6.5.3 It is noted that two nest boxes are proposed to be installed on the north-western elevation of the existing building. It is considered that these will provide adequate mitigation for the loss of nesting habitat as a result of the development.

6.5.4 As a result of the proposals, the site will become more difficult to access for hedgehogs due to the number of fences and built structures. In order to mitigate for this, hedgehog gaps within the new close-boarded fencing should be provided to allow hedgehogs to have continued access throughout the site – 13cm x 13cm gaps at ground level are sufficient to allow access for hedgehogs. This should be a condition of any consent should Members approve the application.

6.5.5 Under regulation 63 of the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2017 it is necessary to consider whether the development should be subject to a Habitat Regulations Assessment. This is in particular reference to the impact of increased concentrations of Phosphates on designated SACs. NRW has set new phosphate standards for the riverine SACs of the Wye and Usk and their catchment areas. Development that may increase the concentration of phosphates levels will be subject to appropriate assessment and HRA.

6.5.6 Based on the Test of Likely Significant Effect, the project is unlikely to have a Significant Effect on the phosphate sensitive River SAC and a full Appropriate Assessment is not required.

6.6 Green Infrastructure (GI)

6.6.1 Chapter 6 of Planning Policy Wales (PPW) 12 highlights that a Green Infrastructure (GI) statement should be submitted with all planning applications and will be proportionate to the scale and nature of the development. The statement which will need to be informed by a GI assessment of the site will describe how green infrastructure will be incorporated into the proposal and how the step wise approach to protecting biodiversity, habitats and GI onsite will be managed. A step wise approach considers what impacts may occur as a result of development activity to any identified biodiversity, habitats and green infrastructure assets and networks that may be present on or bounding a site. The approach then seeks to manage any harm that may occur by (a) avoiding (b) minimising (c) Mitigating / Restoring.

6.6.2 The existing site is landscaped domestic garden with areas of shrub to the far rear.

6.6.3 The GI Statement is proportionate to the scale of this proposal and sets out the measures to be employed to secure GI. Soft landscaping will be carried out around the building that will adopt native species and will improve the GI in this immediate area.

6.7 Affordable Housing

6.7.1 It is a basic principle of LDP Policy S4 that all residential developments should contribute to the provision of affordable housing in the local planning authority area, irrespective of whether the size of the development falls below the threshold for on-site provision.

6.7.2 As this proposed development falls below the threshold (1 - 4 units) at which affordable housing is required on site, a financial contribution towards off site affordable housing in the Abergavenny Housing Market Area will be required instead. This is calculated as: Internal Floor Area (m²) x £120 x 58%. This will be secured via a S106 agreement. This has been agreed by the applicant.

6.8 Flooding

The site is not within a flood plain.

6.9 Surface Water Drainage

As the built area will be 100m² or more, the development will require a Sustainable Drainage Systems (SuDS) to manage on-site surface water. These SuDS must be designed and constructed in accordance with the Welsh Government Standards for Sustainable Drainage and will be subject to separate SAB consent but the site area and ground conditions indicate that there is a suitable destination for surface water via a SuDS.

6.8 Archaeology

6.8.1 The application area is within the Archaeologically Sensitive Area of Abergavenny, situated close to the line of the Roman road, leading from the fort at Abergavenny to the town at Kenchester. It is known that large cemeteries containing both inhumations and cremations were

situated alongside the west of this road, and the application area is equidistant between two areas where cremations including cremation burials in urns were found, as well as flagons, glazed beakers and metal brooches. It is therefore possible that such features may be located inside the application area, and the development therefore will require mitigation.

6.8.2 As such, it is recommended that a condition, requiring the applicant to submit a detailed programme of investigation for the archaeological resource, should be attached to any consent granted by Members.

6.11 Response to the Representations of Third Parties and/or Town Council

6.11.1 In terms of over-development of the site, the proposed new dwelling is relatively small in scale and not dissimilar to a domestic outbuilding that could be erected under Permitted Development Rights. Both the existing and proposed dwellings will also have adequate areas of private amenity space.

6.12 Well-Being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015

6.12.1 The duty to improve the economic, social, environmental and cultural well-being of Wales has been considered, in accordance with the sustainable development principle, under section 3 of the Well-Being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015 (the WBFG Act). In reaching this recommendation, the ways of working set out at section 5 of the WBFG Act have been taken into account and it is considered that this recommendation is in accordance with the sustainable development principle through its contribution towards one or more of the Welsh Ministers' well-being objectives set out in section 8 of the WBFG Act.

6.13 Conclusion

6.13.1 The site is located within the settlement boundary of Abergavenny within which, Policy H1 supports development in these areas in principle.

6.13.2 The proposed development is in keeping with the character and appearance of the surrounding area and will have no adverse impact on local visual amenity.

6.13.3 There will be no loss of residential amenity as a result of the development.

6.13.4 Although the proposed access is 1.5m narrower than the Welsh Common Standards, taking into consideration the specific context of this application site, it would be unreasonable to refuse the application on the grounds of highway safety. A 3m wide driveway for two properties should be adequate.

6.13.5 The proposal is unlikely to have a Significant Effect on the phosphate sensitive River Usk SAC.

7.0 RECOMMENDATION: APPROVE

Subject to a 106 Legal Agreement requiring the following:

S106 Heads of Terms

Financial contribution towards the provision of affordable housing within the local area to be paid upon occupation.

If the S106 Agreement is not signed within 6 months of the Planning Committee's resolution then delegated powers be granted to officers to refuse the application.

Conditions:

1 This development shall be begun within 5 years from the date of this permission.
REASON: To comply with Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

2 The development shall be carried out in accordance with the list of approved plans set out in the table below.
REASON: To ensure the development is carried out in accordance with the approved drawings, for the avoidance of doubt.

3 No development shall take place until the applicant, or their agents or successors in title, has secured agreement for a written scheme of historic environment mitigation which has been submitted by the applicant and approved by the local planning authority. Thereafter, the programme of work will be fully carried out in accordance with the requirements and standards of the written scheme.

REASON: To identify and record any features of archaeological interest discovered during the works, in order to mitigate the impact of the works on the archaeological resource.

4 Prior to the commencement of development full and comprehensive details of soft and hard landscape works shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. Details shall include:

- o Detailed scaled plans, showing existing and proposed levels
- o Proposed and existing utilities/services above and below ground.
- o Soft landscape details for landscaping to include planting plans, specifications including species, size, density, number and location, cultivation and other operations associated with planting, rain gardens and seeding establishment.
- o Details of hedgehog gaps within the new close board fencing.

REASON: In the interests of visual and landscape amenity; in accordance with Policies DES1 & LC1/5 of the Local Development Plan.

5 All planting, seeding or turfing comprised in the approved details of landscaping shall be carried out in the first planting and seeding season following the occupation of the buildings or the completion of the development, whichever is the sooner, and any trees or plants which within a period of 5 years from the completion of the development die, are removed or become seriously damaged or diseased shall be replaced in the next planting season with others of similar size and species.

REASON: To safeguard the landscape amenities of the area and to ensure compliance with LDP Policy G11.

6 The mitigation and enhancements for biodiversity shown on approved drwg no. A101 Rev B shall be provided prior to the first beneficial use of the development hereby approved and shall be maintained as such thereafter.

Evidence of compliance with the plan in the form of georeferenced photographs must be provided to the Local Planning Authority no more than three months later than the first beneficial use of the development.

REASON: In the interests of the ecological and biodiversity value of the site and to ensure compliance with PPW 12, the Environment (Wales) Act 2016 and LDP policies S13 and NE1.

Informatives

1 Due to the minor nature of the proposed development (including any demolition) and the location of the proposed development, it is considered that the proposals did not need to be screened under the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations.

2 As of 7th January 2019, all construction work in Wales with drainage implications, of 100m² or more, is now required to have Sustainable Drainage Systems (SuDS) to manage on-site surface water (whether they require planning permission or not). These SuDS must be designed and constructed in accordance with the Welsh Government Standards for Sustainable Drainage.

The SuDS Approving Body (SAB) is a service delivered by the Local Authority to ensure that drainage proposals for all new developments of at least 2 properties OR over 100m² of construction area are fit for purpose, designed and built in accordance with the National Standards for Sustainable Drainage published by Welsh Ministers.

If you are in any doubt as to whether you require SAB approval, please contact:

SAB@monmouthshire.gov.uk

For advice regarding the application process and general enquiries - 01495 768306

For technical advice regarding your SuDS design and meeting the National Standards - 01633 644730

3 All birds are protected by the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981. The protection also covers their nests and eggs. To avoid breaking the law, do not carry out work on trees, hedgerows or buildings where birds are nesting. The nesting season for most birds is between March and September.

4 The Naming & Numbering of streets and properties in Monmouthshire is controlled by Monmouthshire County Council under the Public Health Act 1925 - Sections 17 to 19, the purpose of which is to ensure that any new or converted properties are allocated names or numbers logically and in a consistent manner. To register a new or converted property please view Monmouthshire Street Naming and Numbering Policy and complete the application form which can be viewed on the Street Naming & Numbering page at www.monmouthshire.gov.uk
This facilitates a registered address with the Royal Mail and effective service delivery from both Public and Private Sector bodies and in particular ensures that Emergency Services are able to locate any address to which they may be summoned. It cannot be guaranteed that the name you specify in the planning application documents for the address of the site will be the name that would be formally agreed by the Council's Street Naming and Numbering Officer because it could conflict with the name of a property within the locality of the site that is already in use.